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Section 1 - Identification of the substance/preparation and the company

Product Name: Sprayline Company: Donaghys Ltd. Address: 16 Sheffield Crescent

PO Box 20 449 Christchurch

Telephone Number: 0800 942 006
Recommended Use: Stockmarker

Section 2 - Hazard Identification

GHS Classifications: Aerosol Category 1

Aerosol Category 2 Skin irritation Category 2 Eye irritation Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure Category 3 narcotic

effects

Hazardous to the aquatic environment chronic Category 1

GHS Pictograms:







Hazard Statements: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H320 Causes eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention Statements: P103 Read label before use.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot

surfaces. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition

source.

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even

after use.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response Statements: P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-

use.

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several + P338 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in

a position comfortable for breathing.





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Response Statements: P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you

(Continued)

feel unwell. Collect spillage.

Storage: P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures

exceeding 50 °C.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Signal Word: DANGER

EPA NZ Approval Code: HSR002515

Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

Section 3 – Composition Information

Chemical EntityCAS No.Proportion %Heptanes142-82-510%-30%Other ingredients not contributing to the classification-1% - 10%LPG (liquefied petroleum gas)68476-85-7>60%

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

If Swallowed: Rinse mouth. Avoid giving milk, oils or alcohol to drink. If unwell get

medical advice/attention.

P391

If in eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush eyes continuously for at least 15

minutes with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after and eye injury should only

be undertaken by a skilled professional.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. Do not use solvents. Seek medical attention in the event of irritation.

If inhaled: Remove to fresh air. Lay patient down, keep calm and warm. Administer

artificial respiration if needed. If respiratory symptoms persist get medical

attention.

Advice to doctor: For acute or short-term repeated exposure to petroleum distillates or

related hydrocarbons:

Primary threat to life, from pure petroleum distillates ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory distress and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gas should be intubated.

Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and /or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously

symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so the

hyperventilation improves clearance.

A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilization of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of

pneumothorax. Treat symptomatically.

POISON CENTRE CONTACT: 0800 764 766 (National Poisons Information Centre)





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Section 5 - Fire-fighting Measures

Hazard: Liquid and vapour are highly flammable.

Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.

Vapour forms an explosive mixture with air.

Severe explosion hazard, in the form of vapour, when exposed to

flame or spark.

Contains low boiling substance: Closed containers may rupture due to

pressure buildup under fire conditions.

Combustion Products: Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide

(CO2), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

Protective Equipment: Breathing apparatus and protective gloves and clothing

Section 5 - Fire-fighting Measures (cont.)

Extinguishing Media: SMALL FIRE:

Water spray, dry chemical or CO2

LARGE FIRE: Water spray or fog.

Special Fire Fighting

Methods:

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them the location and nature of hazard.

May be violently or explosively reactive.

Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Prevent by any means available spillage from entering drains or water

course.

When any large container (including road and rail tankers) is involved

in a fire, consider evacuation by 100 metres in all directions.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Spills and MINOR SPILLS

Disposal: Clean up all spills immediately.

Avoid breathing vapours and contact to skin and eyes.

Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses. Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increased ventilation.

MAJOR SPILLS

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Clear the area of personnel and move upwind.

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them the location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus, protecting clothing, impervious gloves and

safety glasses.

Prevent by any means available spillage from entering drains or water

course

Remove the leaking cylinders to a safe place.

Release pressure under safe, controlled conditions by opening valve. DO NOT exert excessive pressure on valve; DO NOT attempt to operate

damaged valve.

Protective Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the

Equipment: MSDS.

Environmental Avoid entry into waterways or streams. Prevent washings from entering

Precautions: waterways. Collect spillage.

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY PHONE

National Poisons Centre 03-474-4700 or 0800 POISON (0800-764-766)





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Section 7- Handling and Storage

Storage: Store in suitable container: Aerosol dispenser.

Check that containers are clearly labeled.

Avoid reaction with oxidising agents.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Store locked up, below 38°c in a well-ventilated place.

Keep dry to avoid corrosion of cans. Corrosion may result in container

perforation and internal pressure may eject contents of can.

Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area. DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapors

may be trapped.

No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.

Keep containers securely sealed. Contents under pressure.

Handling: Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near

containers.

DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin.

Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.

Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Use in a well-ventilated area.

Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection/Engineering Controls

These precautions are suggested for conditions where the potential for exposure to the product exists. Emergency conditions may require additional precautions.

Exposure Controls: Material (Heptane (n-Heptane)

NZ workplace TWA ppm: 400 TWA mg/m3: 1640 **exposure standards:** STEL ppm: 500 STEL mg/m3: 2050

Protective Equipment: RESPIRATOR

Type AX Filter of sufficient capacity

EYE

No special equipment for minor exposure when handling small quantities otherwise safety glasses with side shields.

HANDS/FEET

No special equipment for minor exposure when handling small quantities, otherwise wear general protective gloves e.g.: light weight rubber gloves

OTHER

The clothing worn by process operators insulated from earth may develop static charges far higher (up to 100 times) than the minimum ignition energies for various flammable gas-air mixtures. This holds

true for a wide range of clothing materials including cotton.

Avoid dangerous levels of charge by ensuring a low resistivity of the

surface material worn outermost.





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BRETHERICK: Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards

Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g.: gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.

For large scale or continuous use wear tight-weave non-static clothing (no metallic fasteners, cuffs or pockets), non-sparking safety footwear.

OTHERWISE:

Overalls.

Skin cleansing cream.

Eyewash unit

Do not spray on hot surfaces.

Engineering Controls: Used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and

the hazard. Well designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker

interactions to provide this high-level protection.

Basic types of controls are:

Changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from workers and ventilation that strategically

"adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Liquid

Odour: Strong solvent odour

 Specific Gravity:
 0.7-0.8

 PH:
 N/A

 Vapour Pressure:
 N/A

Flash Point: <-81 (Propellant)

Autoignition Temperature: N/A

Flammability Limits: Upper value: 9.5% Lower value: 1.2%

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and

handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid direct sunlight, heat and open flame.

Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidising agents.

Decomposition Products: Carbon dioxide and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide

and smoke. Water.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

Vapours may cause dizziness or drowsiness.

Inhalation, skin contact and/or by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Ingestion may produce health damage*.

Possible skin sensitiser*.

May produce discomfort of the eyes, respiratory tract and skin*.

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY PHONE

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CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

Long term repeated occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs and biochemical systems*

Chronic inhalation exposure may result in nervous system impairment and liver and blood changes.

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect*.

Cumulative effects may result following exposure*.

* (limited evidence).

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Very toxic to aquatic organisms may cause long term adverse effects to aquatic environment. This material and its container must be disposed of as a hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment.

Hazard Classification: Aerosol Category 1

Aerosol Category 2 Skin irritation Category 2 Eye irritation Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure Category 3

narcotic effects

Hazardous to the aquatic environment chronic Category 1

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product and Container Disposal: Dispose of product or empty container safely. Do not pierce

or burn, even after use. Avoid contamination of any water supply with product or empty container. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Section 14 – Transport Information

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS UN Number: 1950 DG Class: 2.1

Subsidiary Risk Class: None allocated

Packing Group: N/A **HAZCHEM Code:** 2YE

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

EPA NZ Registration Code: HSR002515

See http://www.epa.govt.nz for approval conditions

Section 16 – Other Information

The information in this MSDS is provided in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made. Contact Donaghys Ltd for more information.

EMERGENCY CONTACT No.: 0800 764 766 (National Poisons Information Centre)