



# **Safety Data Sheet** Nutrisol® Copper Liquid

### Identification of Substance & Company

**Product** 

Nutrisol® Copper Liquid **Product name** 

**Product code** 7090 **HSNO** approval

Approval description Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020

**UN number** 

**Proper Shipping Name** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, n.o.s. (copper

sulphate)

DG class 9 Ш **Packaging group** Hazchem code

Uses Supplement for animal feed

**Company Details** 

**Physical Address** 

Company **Nutritech International** 

6 Aintree Avenue

Airport Oaks, Mangere Auckland New Zealand

**Postal Address** PO Box 201 231

**Auckland Airport** 2150

New Zealand

Telephone 0800 736 336 (0800 REMEDY) Email customerservices@nutritech.co.nz

Website www.nutritech.co.nz

### **Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766**

### 2. Hazard Identification

### **Approval**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002521, Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

#### **GHS 7 Classes**

#### **Hazard Statements**

Acute toxicity category 4 (oral) H302 - Harmful if swallowed. Eye irritant category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Skin sensitiser category 1 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT repeated exposure category 2 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Acute aquatic category 1 H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic category 1

SYMBOLS

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## WARNING





















#### Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

### **Precautionary Statements**

P102 - Keep out of reach of children. Prevention

P103 - Read label before use. P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

Response P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage no storage statement

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Component       | CAS/ Identification | Conc (%) |
|-----------------|---------------------|----------|
| copper sulphate | 7758-98-7           | 10-30%   |
| water           | 7732-18-5           | balance  |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

### 4. First Aid

### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

aid Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended. Recommended

facilities

**Exposure** 

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects.

If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.

### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically







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5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion:

Protective equipment:

Unknown.

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and

eye protection.

Hazchem code: 32

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 100L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

**Emergency procedures** In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard.

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water

courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill.

Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Containers should be kept closed in order

to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with

incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.

**Handling** Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section

8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact

and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

### **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds

Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL

copper sulphate as Cu 0.01 mg/m³ (dsen, respirable) data unavailable











### **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

#### General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

**Eyes** 



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin



Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.

### Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with a particulate filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable











### 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

**Appearance** blue liquid

slight aniseed odour Odour

**Odour Threshold** no data рΗ no data Freezing/melting point no data **Boiling Point** no data Flashpoint no data Flammability non flammable Upper & lower flammable limits no LEL or UEL Vapour pressure no data Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density no data

Solubility miscible in water

Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data **Decomposition temperature** no data Viscosity no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

#### 10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Avoid dust formation. Incompatible groups Metals, hydrazines, hydroxylamines, magnesium, oxidisers, nitromethane.

**Substance Specific** Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions

Oxides of sulphur, copper oxides.

none known

none known

### 11. Toxicological Information

### Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal tract.

IF IN EYES: may cause serious eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: may cause mild irritation. Sensitised individuals may experience an allergic skin reaction.

IF INHALED: dust may be irritating.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: repeated exposure may be harmful to kidneys

### **Supporting Data**

Acute Oral Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

between 300 and 2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: copper sulphate 125mg/kg

(rabbit).

**Aspiration** This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard.

**Dermal** Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg.

Inhaled Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the mixture

is >5mg/L/4h.

Eye The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because copper sulphate is considered an

eve irritant.

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

Sensitisation Chronic The mixture is considered to be a contact sensitizer, because copper sulphate present in

greater than 0.1% is known to be a contact sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.

Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

**Developmental** developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.











**Systemic** 

The mixture is considered to be a suspected target organ toxicant, because copper

Aggravation of existing conditions sulphate present in greater than 1% is suspected to be a target organ toxicant. None known.

### 12. Ecological Data

#### Summary

Copper Sulphate pentahydrate is considered very ecotoxic towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects and may be harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates.

**Supporting Data** 

Aquatic Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is <1 mg/L. Data

considered includes: copper sulphate 0.0028mg/L (acute, 96hr, Fathead minnow),

0.0014mg/L (48hr, waterflea), 0.005mg/L (72hr, seawater algae),

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence for soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of terrestial invertebrates.

**Biocidal** no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice Disposal method 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should

be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

### 14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

**UN number:** Proper shipping name: **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS** 3082

SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, n.o.s. (copper

sulphate)

Class(es) Packing group: Ш

**Precautions:** Marine pollutant Hazchem code: 3Z

**IMDG** 

**UN number:** 3082 Proper shipping name: **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS** 

SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, n.o.s. (copper

sulphate) Class(es) Packing group: Ш

F-A, S-F Precautions: Marine pollutant **EmS** 

..IATA

**UN number:** 3082 Proper shipping name: **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS** 

SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, n.o.s. (copper

sulphate)

Class(es) Packing group:

Precautions: Marine pollutant











#### 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002521, Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

#### **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. Inventory

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017. Labelling

Emergency plan Required if > 100L is stored.

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 100L is stored. Required if > 100L is stored. Signage

Location compliance certificate Not required. Not required. Flammable zone Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

#### 16. Other Information

### **Abbreviations**

Approval HSR002521, Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020 **Approval Code** 

Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

**CAS Number** Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test EC<sub>50</sub>

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

**EPA** Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

**GHS** Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

**HSNO** Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

Lethal Dose 50% - dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).  $LD_{50}$ 

LC<sub>50</sub> Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

**NZIoC** New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or **STEL** 

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE System Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT SE System Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure







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**TWA** Time Weighted Average - generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

> (usually 8 hours) **Upper Explosive Limit**

**UEL UN Number** United Nations Number

**WES** Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using

procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) **Controls** 

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

**WES** The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Date Reason for review August 2022 Not applicable - New SDS

February 2025 Update - WES, Section 14, Phone number

### **Disclaimer**

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.







